

## EU ALLERGEN DECLARATION CERTIFICATE

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1223/2009 (as amended) – Annex III (EU Cosmetic Regulation)

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### Product Information

| Parameter        | Details  |
|------------------|--|
| Product Name     | Wild Peru Balsam Essential Oil                               |
| Alternative Name | Peru Balsam Oil  |
| Botanical Name   | <i>Myroxylon balsamum</i> var. <i>pereirae</i> (Royle) Harms |
| INCI Name        | Myroxylon Pereirae Oil                                       |
| CAS Number       | 8007-00-9  |
| EC Number        | 232-352-8  |
| Origin           | El Salvador  |

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### Declaration

Wild Peru Balsam Essential Oil is a natural steam-distilled essential oil obtained from the balsam resin of *Myroxylon balsamum* var. *pereirae*. As with all natural products, composition varies according to harvest and processing. Quantitative allergen values should be confirmed by batch-specific GC-MS analysis where regulatory disclosure is required.

### Typical EU Fragrance Allergen Profile

| EU Fragrance Allergen | Typical Status  |
|-----------------------|---|
| Benzyl Benzoate       | Naturally Present   |
| Benzyl Alcohol        | Naturally Present   |
| Farnesol              | Naturally Present   |
| Cinnamyl Alcohol      | Naturally Present   |
| Cinnamal              | May be naturally present  |
| Benzyl Cinnamate      | Naturally Present (not a listed EU fragrance allergen but a characteristic constituent) |
| Eugenol               | May be naturally present (trace)  |
| Limonene              | May be naturally present (trace)  |
| Linalool              | May be naturally present (trace)  |
| Geraniol              | May be naturally present (trace)  |
| Citral                | May be naturally present (trace)  |
| Coumarin              | May be naturally present (trace)  |
| Citronellol           | Not typically present   |



Isoeugenol                      Not typically present

Statement

- No fragrance allergens have been intentionally added.
- The listed allergens occur naturally within the botanical source.
- Batch-specific GC-MS analysis should be used where quantitative allergen declaration is required.
- The manufacturer of the finished cosmetic product is responsible for determining allergen labelling requirements in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2023/1545.

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